

Researching and conserving Alexandra Road Park- a unique modernist landscape in London (Recherche et conservation du parc du quartier Alexandra Road un paysage moderniste unique à Londres) - communication en anglais.

Alexandra Road is the best known housing project designed and built by Camden borough council in London in the period 1965–78 and is internationally recognised as being among the most important housing schemes of the past half century. It provides a model for low-rise high-density urban housing that is still relevant today. The building was recognised for its importance to the heritage as early as 1993 and it was the first building of under thirty years of age to be listed. The whole site was treated as a three-dimensional sculpted 'playable' landscape including a complete public park, yet the landscape had received much less attention than the celebrated building. By 2010 the park was overgrown and neglected. Residents were instrumental in gaining Heritage Lottery (HLF) funding to rejuvenate the park and Sarah Couch researched and wrote the Conservation Management Plan which guided the project. It was an unusual heritage project in many ways: it was the first public park within a housing estate funded by the HLF and the architect, Neave Brown, and landscape architect, Janet Jack, were both living. Janet Jack was involved in the project and her archive of drawings and photographs was an invaluable resource for the team in developing the project. She was able to explain her innovative design intentions for features such as the five playgrounds and her approach to planting. The park was re-opened in 2015 to great acclaim. Dr. Jan Woudstra of Sheffield University has stated that Alexandra Road was revolutionary at the time and is unique in the international context.



